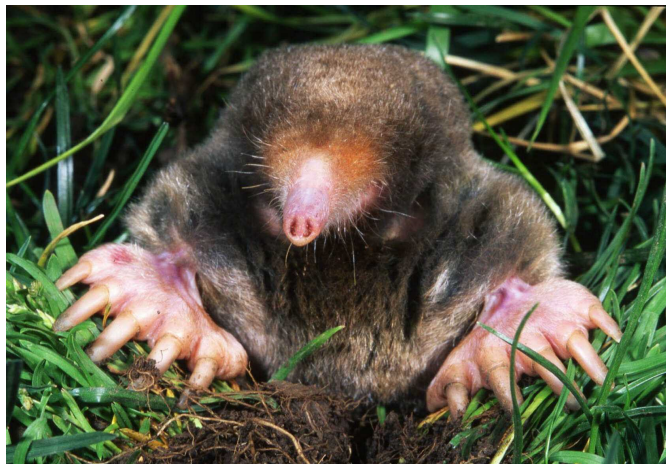


 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rc5G04nJecI>

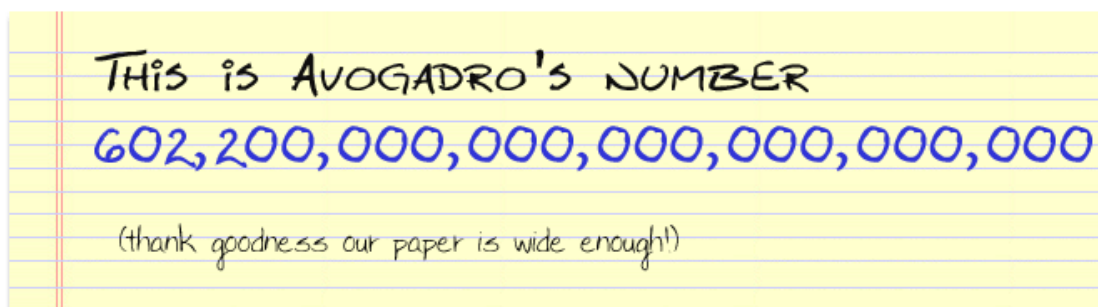
 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZ7X2mrUj6o>

# Atoms, molecules and holy Mole (y)!!!



## What is a mole?

- a unit of measurement
- $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  particles (Avogadro's number) make up a mole (602 hexillion)





a HUGE number!!!!!!

- 1 mol \$ = each person on Earth gets 200 000 billion \$  
(multiply 1 dollar bill by  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ )

1 mol peas = 250 planets the size of Earth, 1m deep

1 mol blood cells = > all blood cells in all humans on Earth

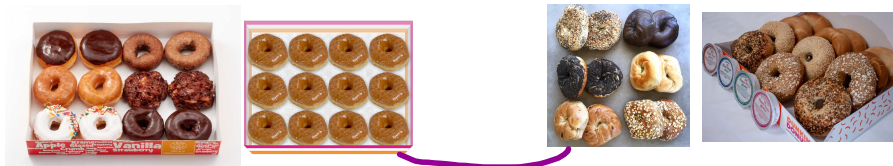
1 mol sand = all sand on Miami Beach

1 mol inches = 8 round trips of the galaxy

## The difference between atoms and molecules:

- Ca = an atom, no chemical bond
- $\text{CaCl}_2$  or  $\text{O}_2$  = a molecule (more than one atom bonded together)  
 $\text{O} + \text{O} = \text{O}_2$   
 → compound

A dozen donuts = 12      A dozen bagels = 12



1 cup of sugar = 235 mL      1 cup of rice = 235 mL



1 mole of Cu =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$       1 mole of Zn =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$

1 mole of  $\text{CaCl}_2$  =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$       1 mole of  $\text{O}_2$  =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$

- Does the dozen donuts weigh the same as the dozen bagels? No
- Does 1 cup of sugar weigh the same as 1 cup of rice? No
- Does 1 mole Cu weigh the same as 1 mole of Zn? No

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEI4jeETVmg>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KAAG0oQ76xw>



## Molar Mass

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b2raanVWU6c>

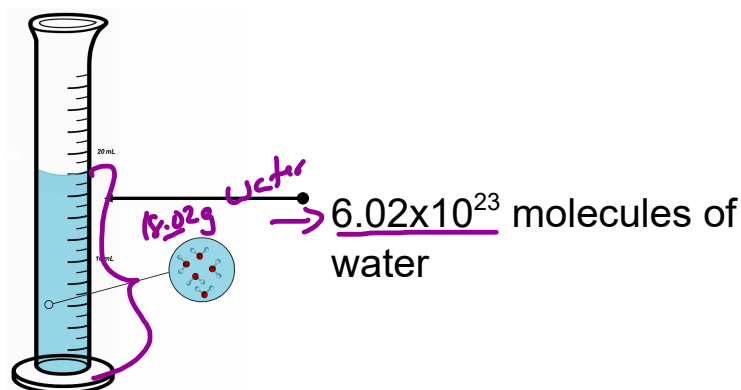
- mass of one mole of a substance measured in g/mol
- molar mass of compounds - add up molar masses of each individual atoms. Use atomic mass on PT.

C <sup>atom</sup> <sub>element</sub>	KF <sup>molecular</sup> <sub>compound</sub>	CaCO <sub>3</sub>
12.01 g/mol	$\begin{array}{r} 39.10 \\ + 19.00 \\ \hline 58.10 \text{ g/mol} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 40.08 \\ 12.01 \\ + 16.00 \times 3 \\ \hline 100.09 \text{ g/mol} \end{array}$

Molar Mass of water =  $18.02 \text{ g/mol}$

1 mol of H<sub>2</sub>O =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  molecules

In 18.02 g of water there are  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  molecules.



How do we know these are the right quantities?

## Moles of Particles




In one mole of a substance, there are  $6 \times 10^{23}$  particles

## Moles formulas

Mole formula #1	Mole formula #2
$n = m / mm$ <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\downarrow</math>   <math>\downarrow</math>   <math>\downarrow</math>  moles   mass   molar mass </p>	$n = C \times V$ <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\uparrow</math>   <math>\uparrow</math>   <math>\uparrow</math>  moles   molarity   volume </p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>n</math> = moles, unit is mol</li> <li>• <math>m</math> = mass, unit is g</li> <li>• <math>mm</math> = molar mass, unit is g/mol</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>n</math> = moles, unit is mol</li> <li>• <math>C</math> = molarity, molar concentration or solution, unit is mol/L or M <math>\text{mol/L}</math></li> <li>• <math>V</math> = volume, unit is L</li> </ul>
<p>Use when <u>mass</u> given in word problem</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use when <u>mol/L</u> given in problem</li> <li>• Can also be solved using a ratio instead of formula</li> </ul>

## Things to MEMORIZE

- Molarity and molar concentration means the same thing. Unit is mol/L or M.
- Volume question unit must be in L.
- Atom or molecule question  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  must be used in answer.
- If there is a 'g' unit in the question the formula  $n = m / M_r$  is always used first.  

- If there is a 'mol/L' unit in the question it can be solved using  $n = C \times V$  or as a ratio.
- To convert mL to L  $\div$  by 1000
- To convert mg to g  $\div$  1000

Attachments

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 Austin\_Powers\_THE\_MOLE.mp4

 Austin\_Powers\_THE\_MOLE.mp4